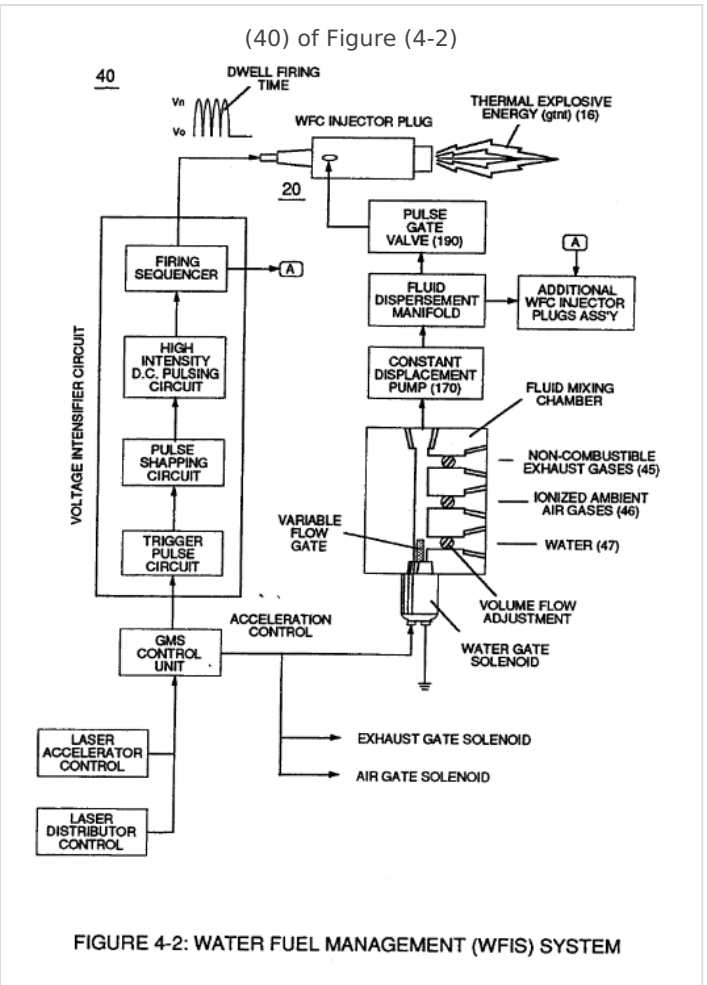
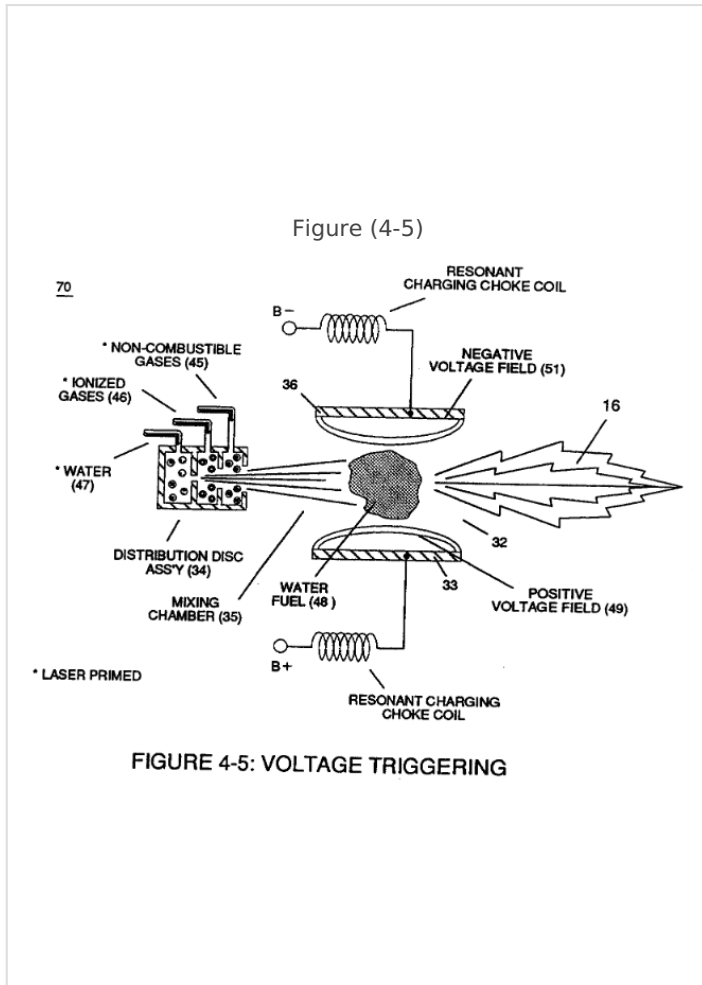


8-5 - Energy Vectoring (Ev)

The "mode of operability" of determining the "Operational Parameters" of adjusting the thermal explosive energy (gtnt) exiting from nozzle-port (32) of Figure (4-5) as to (40) of Figure (4-2) is directly related to the characteristics of the applied **Voltage Pulse Potential (Vpp) Wave-form (s) (Vpwt)** and the geometrical configuration of **Resonant Cavity (90)** of Figure (4-7) as to (730) of Figure (7-12).



Resonant Cavity (90) of Figure (4-7)

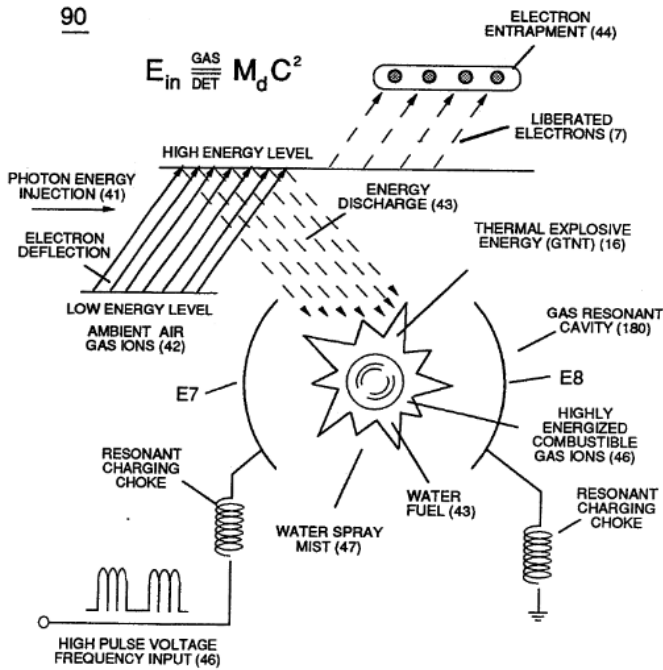
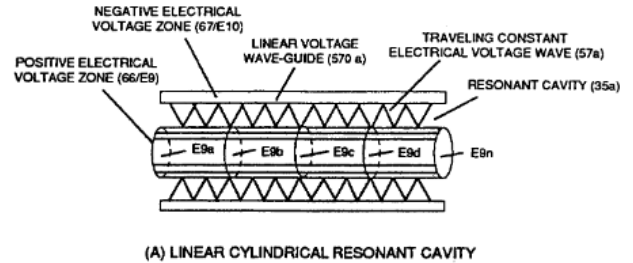


FIGURE 4-7: VOLTAGE IGNITER STAGE

(730) of Figure (7-12)

730

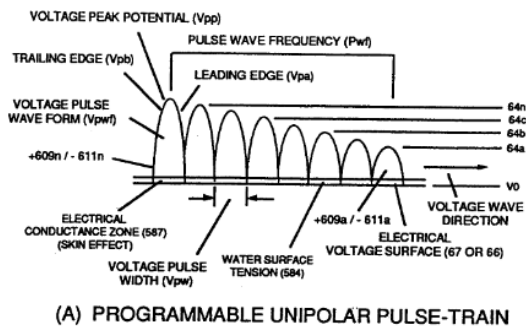


In terms of Voltage Pulse Wave-form (s) (Vpwt) several "**Electrical Operational Parameters**" exist:

Dynamic State Space (Dss) which continually changes/varies Electrical Attraction Force ($RR' - SS'$ as to $RU/RU' - ST/ST'$) from low stress intensity (S-low) to high stress intensity (S-high) and back to low stress point (S-low) as to **Arc Curve (Vac)** forming **Voltage Pulse Field (Vpt)** atop **Voltage Pulse Burst (Vpb)** ... which combined together ($Vpf + Vpb$) Electrical Stress (E_s) variances corresponds to the **Voltage Pulse Shape** of each synchronized **opposite Voltage Pulse Wave** (583 - 602) of (770A) of Figure (8-1) being produced during applied **Voltage Pulse Operation** (49a xxx 49n);

brings-on **Static Voltage Stimulation (Vsvs)** by which **Static Electrical Charging Effect (585)** is being held constant since **Electrical Stress Force (Est)** averages out either Dynamic State Space (Dss) or Static State Space (Sss) during repeated pulsing operation (49a xxx 49n).

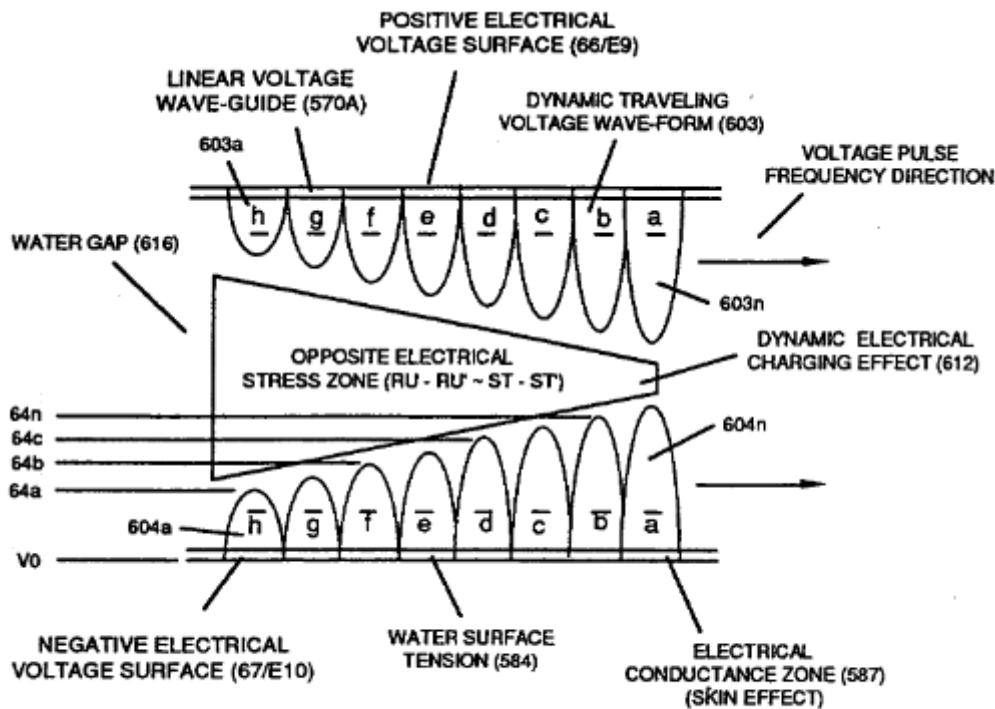
780



On the other hand, **Progressive Voltage Sync-Wave (+609 / - 611)** (609/611a xxx 609/611n) of Figure (780A) of Figure (8-2) encourages **Dynamic Voltage Stimulation (Dvs)** since **Voltage Peak Potential (Vpp)** increases as **Voltage Sync-Wave Front** (a to b to c and so on) advances in the number of **Unipolar Voltage Pulse (s) (Vwp)**, as illustrated in Figure (3-21) ... causing Dynamic State Space (Dss) or Static State Space (Sss) to be progressively increased in **Electrical Stress Intensity (Esi)** during a given space-time continuum

... producing **Dynamic Electrical Charging Effect (612)** of Figure (8-1) that increases Electrical Stress Pressure (Espa + Espb + Espc, and so on) continually during each gated voltage pulsing cycle (49a xxx T3 xxx 49n).

(612) of Figure (8-1)



(B) DYNAMIC VOLTAGE STIMULATION

To further adjust incoming **Voltage Priming Stage (Vps)**, Unipolar Voltage Pulse Train (Vpt) is either gated full-on to allow space-time continuum or back-off in gated format from 100% to a lower percent (%) of Pulse-Frequency on-time, as illustrated in Figure (3-20).

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